





First Things First.... Take a look at what you have



Next How many rows and how many sections do you have?

Gen3 LiquiShift can do a lot of sections. You need to set up the Sections in your display to match the harnessing that is installed on your system. Check out the harnesses installed to the zip valves on your system. The last row should have the row number and section number. On dual-product systems, be sure to check out the sections for each product.

See page 31 of this manual for the standard section layout of various common systems.

Product 1 - Last row is Row ______. Last section is Section ______.

Product 2 - Last row is Row _____. Last section is Section _____.

What controller are you using?

The number of sections you have will depend on how many sections your controller can support. You need to know which rate controller your system is using.





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TAKE NOTE! THIS SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL FOUND THROUGHOUT THIS MANUAL IS USED TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO INSTRUCTIONS INVOLVING YOUR PERSONAL SAFETY AND THE SAFETY OF OTHERS. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN INJURY OR DEATH.



THIS SYMBOL MEANS ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT!

YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

Note the use of the signal words DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION with the safety messages. The appropriate signal word for each has been selected using the following guidelines:



DANGER: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations typically for machine components which, for functional purposes, cannot be guarded.



WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury, and includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE is used to address safety practices not related to personal safety.







Hydraulic Fluid and Equipment Safety

This system uses hydraulic equipment with hydraulic fluid under extremely high pressure.

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Keep all hoses and connections in good serviceable condition. Failure to heed may result in serious personal injury or death. Avoid the hazard by relieving the pressure before disconnecting lines or performing work on the system.

Make sure hydraulic fluid connections are tight and all hydraulic hoses and lines are in good condition before applying pressure to the system. Use a piece of paper or cardboard, NOT BODY PARTS, to check for suspected leaks. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses or goggles when working with hydraulic systems. DO NOT DELAY!

Check hydraulic hoses and fittings frequently. Loose, broken, and missing hardware can cause equipment to not perform properly and can result in serious injury or death.

Hydraulic systems can be hot and cause burns. Before working on any system, wait until the fluid has cooled.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor familiar with this type of injury immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin or eyes must be treated within a few hours or gangrene may result.

A Word to the Operator



It is YOUR responsibility to read and understand the safety messages in this manual. YOU are the key to safety.

SAFETY IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.



The SurePoint PumpRight hydraulic pump on the LiquiShift system is rated at a maximum of 550 RPM. Spinning the pump over 550 RPM may cause pump failure. See the SurePoint System manual for the PumpRight system for information about setting up the system to keep the pump from overspeeding.



The SurePoint PumpRight hydraulic pump can deliver liquid at high pressure (290 PSI). Be sure the 100 PSI Pressure Relief Valve (PRV) is installed and functioning so system pressure will be kept under 100 PSI. Check hoses, hose clamps, and liquid fittings regularly and repair or replace loose connections.





What is LiquiShift® and how does it work?

LiquiShift® is cutting edge (yet very simple) technology from SurePoint Ag that allows a wide range of application rates and/or speeds. The system utilizes two metering tubes to each row to evenly distribute the product. The LiquiShift technology opens and closes valves to allow the product to flow through the wet booms to the small tube, to the large tube, or to both tubes, depending on the rate and speed at that time.

It works like this. At low flow rates, the product flows through the small tubes. As the flow increases, the pressure will increase. When the pressure reaches the top setpoint, the valve to the small tubes will close and the valve to the large tubes will open. When the flow and pressure increase in the large tube to the top setpoint, the valve to the small tubes will open, allowing product to flow through both tubes. As the flow and pressure decrease, the system will shift down to a smaller tube at each setpoint.

Rate control and section control are done by the rate control module and display as they are in any system. The LiquiShift technology handles all the adjustments to the tubes to deliver the right amount of product to the right rows. The defining feature of Gen3 LiquiShift is a shutoff valve on every row. This eliminates spring check valves and gives positive shutoff, greater row-to-row accuracy, and finer section control resolution as allowed by the control platform.

A LiquiShift system is NOT an infinitely variable system. The system must be configured with the proper tube combination to match your rate range, speed range, product, and row spacing.

AN ADDED BONUS with the SurePoint Gen3 LiquiShift is that the system runs with a 20-mesh strainer. Because of the larger openings with the metering tube and the electromagnetic flowmeter (including with the Sentinel Row Flow) which has no moving parts, no tight flow-restricting strainers are required.

Harnesses and LiquiShift modules for SurePoint GEN 3 LiquiShift

ALL systems have: **218-2565Y1** LiquiShift Controller (LiquiShift Control Module) unless LiquiShift is controlled by Sentinel. Sentinel will do the job of the LiquiShift Control Module.

A Control Module Adapter harness (213-06-XXXX) with a 12-pin Pump connector and 2 14-pin Section connectors (left side and right side)

A 12-pin Pump Final harness (207-01-4613Y1 or 4615Y1 for most systems) with connectors for Flowmeter, PWM, Pressure, Pump RPM, LiquiShift Controller, A and B valves, and A and B valve manual override switches.

Two 14-pin Section Final harnesses (207-01-4xxx—one for the left side, one for the right side). These have the connectors for the Zip Valve on each row.

Critical Component—Pressure Transducer (521-05-050150 3-wire, 0-100 PSI, 0-5v, 3-pin MP150 Tower)

The pressure transducer on the LiquiShift valve stack is a critical component of the LiquiShift operation. It must be functioning properly in order for the LiquiShift A & B valves to work as needed to direct the flow through the appropriate tubes based on the quantity of flow. The transducer on the LiquiShift must be a 0 to 100 PSI, 0 to 5 volt transducer. The LiquiShift Controller (218-2565Y1) reads the voltage from the pressure transducer to determine which Valve Stack to open (A or B or both).

See the directions on page 20 for operation of the Manual Override feature in the event of a pressure transducer failure.





What is Liquishift and how does it work?

- There are 2 metering tubes to regulate and distribute the flow to each row.
- The product can flow through the small tube or through the large tube or through both tubes.
- The SurePoint LiquiShift module switches between tubes on the go as the speed and/or rate change.
- This allows the system to adjust to a wide range of application rates and/or speed changes for variable rate prescriptions and /or high speed planters/implements.

Here's how it works:

- The flow starts in the small tube. As the flow increases due to increased rate and/or speed:
- When the pressure hits the High Setpoint, the flow switches to the large tube.
- As the speed and/or rate increase further, when the pressure hits the High setpoint again, the flow switches to both tubes.
- As the flow decreases due to lower speed and/or rate, and the pressure drops to the Low Setpoint, the flow switches from both tubes to the large tube, and then from the large tube to the small tube.
- All of this happens in an instant, on-the-go.



Why is this Important?

• A typical application system has a limited flow range because of the flow dynamics through an orifice.

• High speed planters/applicators require an expanded flow range just to cover the range of speeds possible with the equipment.

• Prescriptions that maximize crop input efficiency by putting a low rate in some areas and high rate in other areas require a system that has a wide flow range.

• Combine high speed planters/applicators with prescriptions or just with changing rates from field to field and flow range can become 6X or 8X or 10X. LiquiShift from SurePoint can do that.



396-4089Y1



SurePoint	Metering Tube Sizes				
Ag Systems	Color		Size I.D.	C	
	White		.047"		
LiquiShift Valve	Grey		.060"		
A	Purple	C	.080"		
	Brown		.088"		
	Blue		.096"		
	Green		.110"		
B	Tan		.125"		
LiquiShift Valve	Orange		.150"		
	Yellow		.170"		
	Black		.187"		

<u>Note:</u> Standard 1/4" Poly Tube (281-025) used for general plumbing has an I.D. of .170". DO NOT substitute Standard 1/4" Poly Tube for Black 'Metering' tube with I.D. of .187".



Low Viscosity Product (28-0-0) (10.6 lb/gal)					
ML	OZ 20-70 PSI				
Flow Range	Flow Range	Tubes			
180-1475	6-50	Purple/Blue			
240-2365	8-80	Brown/Green			
295-2510	10-85	Blue/Green			
295-3105	10-105	Blue/Tan			
535-5025	18-170	Green/Orange			
535-5765	18-195	Green/Yellow			
740-6210	25-210	Tan/Yellow			
740-7390	25-250	Tan/Black			
1035-8870	35-300	5' Tan/Yellow			
1300-9165	44-310	Orange/Black			
1035-9610	35-325	5' Tan/Black			
1625-10350	55-350	Yellow/Black			
1685-11830	57-400	5' Orange/Black			
2070-13600	70-460	5' Yellow/Black			

LiquiShift Dual Tube Combinations

Medium-Low Viscosity (32-0-0) (11.0 lb/gal)				
ML	OZ	20-70 PSI		
Flow Range	Flow Range	Tubes		
135-1180	4.5-40	Purple/Blue		
165-1920	5.7-65	Brown/Green		
220-2070	7.5-70	Blue/Green		
220-2570	7.5-87	Blue/Tan		
415-4495	14-152	Green/Orange		
415-5175	14-175	Green/Yellow		
590-5620	20-190	Tan/Yellow		
590-6210	20-210	Tan/Black		
830-7985	28-270	5' Tan/Yellow		
1035-8030	35-275	Orange/Black		
830-9020	28-305	5' Tan/Black		
1300-9020	44-305	Yellow/Black		
1420-10795	48-365	5' Orange/Black		
1775-12125	60-410	5' Yellow/Black		

To calculate Flow (oz/min/row): Speed (mph) X Rate (gpa) X Row Spacing (in) divided by 46.4

Calculate Minimum flow using Minimum Speed and Minimum Rate.

Calculate Maximum flow using Maximum Speed and Maximum Rate.

Find the Tube Combination that best covers the Flow Range needed.

10-34-0 gets thicker and harder to push when cold. Use a larger tube combination when possible for 10-34-0

Medium Viscosity (N-P-K Blend, ProGerm-11.2 lb/gal)			High Viscosity	(10-34-0 at 60 de	g) (11.65 lb/gal)
ML	OZ	20-70 PSI	20-70 PSI ML OZ		20-70 PSI
Flow Range	Flow Range	Tubes	Flow Range	Flow Range	Tubes
75-885	2.5-30	Purple/Blue	30-325	1-11	Purple/Blue
105-1475	3.5-50	Brown/Green	44-530	1.5-18	Brown/Green
150-1625	5-55	Blue/Green	53-590	1.8-20	Blue/Green
150-2070	5-70	Blue/Tan	53-830	1.8-28	Blue/Tan
295-3990	10-135	Green/Orange	75-1480	2.6-50	Green/Orange
295-4435	10-150	Green/Yellow	75-1920	2.6-65	Green/Yellow
415-5025	14-170	Tan/Yellow	118-2220	4-75	Tan/Yellow
415-5765	14-195	Tan/Black	118-2960	4-100	Tan/Black
590-7245	20-245	5' Tan/Yellow	180-3400	6-115	5' Tan/Yellow
800-7100	27-240	Orange/Black	265-3400	9-115	Orange/Black
590-7985	20-270	5' Tan/Black	180-4230	6-143	5' Tan/Black
975-7690	33-260	Yellow/Black	385-3850	13-130	Yellow/Black
1125-9760	38-330	5' Orange/Black	415-4730	14-160	5' Orange/Black
1360-10795	46-365	5' Yellow/Black	530-5765	18-195	5' Yellow/Black

so it will flow OK when it is cold.

Tubes may need to be adjusted for best operation with a particular product. If necessary, system can be operated at 70-90 PSI to achieve high flow rates. Green/Yellow combination should only be used when maximum range is needed. LiquiShift Mode Selection should be set at 20-80 PSI for Green/Yellow tubes.

7/14/2020

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Metering Tubes to use to split the flow to both sides of the row:

(Numbers indicate the flow range through each tube in oz/min with a pressure drop from 4 to 15 psi)

LOW VISC	2'	32"	4'
Purple	7-20	6-15	5-11
Blue	12-32	11-25	9-20
Green	24-55	20-47	18-36
Tan	31-73	27-64	24-48
Orange	56-125	47-110	41-83
Yellow	71-153	60-135	53-104
Black	91-205	76-175	68-133
MID VISC	2'	32"	4'
Purple	4-11	3-9	2-6
Blue	7-20	5-15	4-11
Green	14-36	10-30	8-23
Tan	20-55	15-44	12-31
Orange	37-100	30-84	26-62
Yellow	46-120	36-102	30-75
Black	65-145	52-130	45-100
HIGH VISC	2'	32'	4'
HIGH VISC Purple	2' 1-4	32' 0.9-3	4' 0.6-2
HIGH VISC Purple Blue	2' 1-4 2-8	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black WATER	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80 2'	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65 32'	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49 4'
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black WATER White	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80 2' 3.5-7.5	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65 32' 3-5.8	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49 4' 2.5-5
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black WATER White Gray	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80 2' 3.5-7.5 7-15	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65 32' 3-5.8 6-13	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49 4' 2.5-5 5-11
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black Black WATER White Gray Purple	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80 2' 3.5-7.5 7-15 13-26	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65 32' 3-5.8 6-13 11-23	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49 4' 2.5-5 5-11 9-18
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black WATER White Gray Purple Blue	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80 2' 3.5-7.5 7-15 13-26 22-40	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65 32' 3-5.8 6-13 11-23 19-39	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49 4' 2.5-5 5-11 9-18 16-31
HIGH VISC Purple Blue Green Tan Orange Yellow Black WATER White Gray Purple Blue Green	2' 1-4 2-8 4-14 6-22 14-44 19-61 27-80 2' 3.5-7.5 7-15 13-26 22-40 33-70	32' 0.9-3 1.8-6 3-11 4.5-17 10.5-36 15-49 21-65 32' 3-5.8 6-13 11-23 19-39 28-60	4' 0.6-2 1.6-4 2.5-9 3.8-11.5 8-25 12-34 16-49 4' 2.5-5 5-11 9-18 16-31 25-48

(32" tube is an 8' tube cut into 3 pieces)

VISC	EX	LB/ GAL	SP GR
LOW	28-0-0	10.7	1.29
MID	9-24-3	11.2	1.34
HIGH	10-34-0	11.6	1.39

As with all metering tube recommendations, these charts should provide a starting point, but adjustments may need to be made in the field.

When doing a split at the row, we are trying to provide paths of equal resistance (and equal flow) to each side of the row, while keeping the pressure drop in this step as small as possible.

In general, use as large a tube (and / or as short a tube) as possible to minimize the pressure drop caused by splitting the flow. In other words, if possible, use the tube that matches up best at the low end of the range on the chart, rather than at the high end.

A compromise may need to be made in LiquiShift systems that have a wide flow range that extends beyond a selection on the chart.

LiquiShift Valve Assemblies



218-2565Y1 LiquiShift Controller (mounted to back side-Not needed with Sentinel)

217-3466Y1 Manual Override Switch

Route 3/4"

Hoses for Wet

Boom

Kit: 522-03-100100 Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Valve Bolt-On Kit for PR17/PR30 (TX2 Valves) - 3rd Party Control

Kit: 522-03-100150

Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Valve Bolt-On Kit for PR17/PR30 (TX2 Valves) - Sentinel Rate Control

LiquiShift A/B Control Valves mount directly to a PR17 or PR30 PumpRight pump with final harness installed.



<u>Kit: 522-03-100200</u> Gen 3 LiquiShift A/B Valve Bolt-On Kit for PR40/D250 (MEVX) - 3rd Party Control

<u>Kit: 522-03-100250</u> Gen 3 LiquiShift A/B Valve Bolt-On Kit for PR40/D250 (MEVX) - Sentinel Rate Control

LiquiShift A/B Control Valves mount directly to a PR40 or D250 PumpRight pump with final harness installed.

Route 1" -Hoses to Wet Boom Manifold

Route 1" Hoses for Wet Boom Manifold

<u>Kit: 522-03-100300</u> Stand Alone Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Valve & Boom Kit (TX2) - 3rd Party Control

Kit: 522-03-100350 Stand Alone Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Valve & Boom Kit (TX2) - Sentinel Rate Control

Kit: 522-03-100400 Stand Alone Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Valve & 1" Wet Boom Kit (1" MEVX) - 3rd Party Control

Kit: 522-03-100450 Stand Alone Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Valve & 1" Wet Boom Kit (1" MEVX) - Sentinel Rate Control



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396-4608Y1 - Gen 3 LiquiShift® Instructions ©2020-2022 SurePoint Ag Systems

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Ag Systems

2

1



Route to Flow Indicators / Sentinel Flow Module

3

4

<u>113-19-038025025</u> Y Divider - 3/8" QC x 1/4" QC x 1/4" QC

<u>Shown for illustration purposes only.</u> Typical metering tube length is 8 ft.

> 1/2" HB x 4-way ¼" QC Splitter Final Assembly

S

Route 1/2" hose from manifold assembly to LiquiShift Tubes

Plumb to"**A**" Valves Smaller DIA Metering Tubes Plumb to"**B**" Valves Larger DIA Metering Tubes







Kit: 523-03-800500 Kit: 523-02-800500 **Tube Fitting Kit for 3 Rows Tube Fitting Kit for 2 Rows** 3 1 2 2 1 Route to Flow Indicators / Sentinel Flow Module <u>113-19-038025025</u> Y Divider - 3/8" QC x 1/4" QC x 1/4" QC Shown for illustration purposes only. Typical metering tube FLOV > C length is 8 ft. 113-05-025 1/4" QC Plug 113-24-050025 1/2" HB x 4-way 1/4" QC Splitter Final Assembly Plumb to"B" Plumb to"A" Plumb to"B" Plumb to"A"

Plumb to"**A**" Valves Larger DIA Metering Tubes Plumb to"**B**" Valves Smaller DIA Metering Tubes

Route 1/2" hose from manifold assembly to LiquiShift Tubes Plumb to"**A**" Valves Larger DIA Metering Tubes





Gen3 LiquiShift Individual Row On/Off Valve



Gen3 LiquiShift installation is the cleanest when Flow Indicators / Sentinel Flowmeter Modules are distributed across the toolbar.

Valve P/N: <u>103-4496Y1 / 103-5016Y1 - Zip Valve - 3/8" Push to Connect</u>. Note: Lubricate 3/8" tube or tube fitting and make sure 3/8" OD tubing is cut off flush and clean prior to installation to avoid rolling the o-ring.

- 1. Route 3/8" OD tubing or 3/8" hose from the Flow Indicator or Sentinel Flowmeter Module to the row unit. Avoid pinch points on the planter and allow for row unit travel.
- 2. Route 3/8" OD tubing or 3/8" hose from the Zip Valve to the placement device

515-01-300100 - Parallel Arm Zip Valve Mounting Kit Bracket and Hardware to mount the Zip Valve to the row unit parallel arm

515-01-300200 - Parallel Arm Zip Valve Mounting Kit for Dual Product Bracket and Hardware to mount (2) Zip Valves to the row unit parallel arm for

Valves to the row unit parallel arm for a dual product system (shown below)

515-01-300300 - Toolbar Zip Valve Mounting Kit Bracket and Hardware to mount the Zip Valve to toolbar (Fits up to 8x8 toolbar)

515-01-300350 - Toolbar Zip Valve Mounting Kit for Dual Product Bracket and Hardware to mount (2) Zip Valves to toolbar (Fits up to 8x8 toolbar)







Gen3 LiquiShift Plumbing Diagrams 8 Row Planter / Applicator

8 Row Gen3 Plumbing Kit Options:

522-08-000500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 8 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators
522-08-000600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 8 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel
522-08-100500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 8 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators
522-08-100600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 8 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel
3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing is recommended when using metering tubes larger than tan.







Gen3 LiquiShift Plumbing Diagrams 12 Row Planter / Applicator

12 Row Gen3 Plumbing Kit Options:

522-12-000500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 12 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators
522-12-000600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 12 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel
522-12-100500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 12 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators
522-12-100600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 12 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel
3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing is recommended when using metering tubes larger than tan.





Gen3 LiquiShift Plumbing Diagrams 16 Row Planter / Applicator

16 Row Gen3 Plumbing Kit Options:

522-16-000500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 16 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators

522-16-000600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 16 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel

522-16-100500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 16 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators

522-16-100600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 16 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel

3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing is recommended when using metering tubes larger than tan.

Distribute flow indicators / Sentinel Flowmeters in the middle of every 4 rows if possible.







Gen3 LiquiShift Plumbing Diagrams 24 Row Planter / Applicator

24 Row Gen3 Plumbing Kit Options:

522-24-000500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 24 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators
522-24-000600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 24 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel
522-24-100500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 24 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators
522-24-100600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 24 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel
3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing is recommended when using metering tubes larger than tan.
3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing may be better on 60' implements if there are greater differences in the distance to rows.





Gen3 LiquiShift Plumbing Diagrams 32 Row Planter / Applicator

36 Row Gen3 Plumbing Kit Options:

522-32-000500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators **522-32-000600** - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel

522-32-100500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators

522-32-100600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel

3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing is recommended when using metering tubes larger than tan.

3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing may be better on 60' implements if there are greater differences in the distance to rows.

Distribute flow indicators / Sentinel Flowmeters in the middle of every 4 rows if possible. Pump may be mounted on the planter hitch, centralized location at the rear of the planter or on the tractor. Route 3/4" or 1" discharge hose to the center of the planter and tee for each wing. Gen3 LiquiShift A/B **Control Valves** 4-Port Manifold mounted on each wing 3/4" Hose Barb Tee (PumpRight PR17/PR30) or 1" x 3/4" Hose Barb Tee (PR40/D250) 3/4" A/B Boom Plumbing routed along the toolbar Route 1/2" hose from on each wing manifold to 4-Row LiquiShift tubes. Metering tube can be routed on the toolbar for a cleaner looking installation or coiled and secured to the flow indicator / Sentinel Flowmeter mounting bracket. 4-Port Manifold mounted on each wing





Gen3 LiquiShift Plumbing Diagrams 36 Row Planter / Applicator

Distribute flow indicators / Sentinel Flowmeters

36 Row Gen3 Plumbing Kit Options:

522-36-000500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators

522-36-000600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel

522-36-100500 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Flow Indicators

522-36-100600 - Gen3 LiquiShift - 36 Row 3/8" Tube Outlet Plumbing Kit with Sentinel

3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing is recommended when using metering tubes larger than tan.

3/8" Hose Outlet Plumbing may be better on 60' implements if there are greater differences in the distance to rows.

in the middle of every 4 rows if possible. Pump may be mounted on the planter hitch, centralized location at the rear of the planter or on the tractor. Route 3/4" or 1" discharge hose to the center of the planter and tee for each wing. Gen3 LiquiShift A/B Control Valves Connect 2-Port and 3-Port Manifold mounted on one wing 3/4" Hose Barb Tee (PumpRight PR17/PR30) or 1" x 3/4" Hose Barb Tee (PR40/D250) 3/4" A/B Boom Plumbing routed along the toolbar on Route 1/2" hose from each wing manifold to 4-Row LiquiShift tubes. Metering tube can be routed on the toolbar for a cleaner looking installation or coiled and secured to the flow indicator / Sentinel Flowmeter mounting bracket. 4-Port Manifold Connect 2-Port and 3-Port mounted on one wing Manifold mounted on one wing

Ag Systems



LiquiShift Controller

The LiquiShift Controller is typically mounted on the LiquiShift valve stack. The lights provide valuable diagnostic information. Becoming familiar with the lights during normal operation will help in identifying issues when the system is not working as it should. See the next page for troubleshooting and diagnostics.

The LiquiShift Controller uses the voltage output from the pressure transducer to decide whether to open the "A" valve for the smaller tubes, the "B" valve for the larger tubes, or both the "A" and "B" valves.

When using Sentinel, the LiquiShift Controller is not needed. The Sentinel ECU will do the job of selecting the correct tube(s).

Pump Mounted LiquiShift Valve Stack

The **LiquiShift Controller** (218-2565Y1) is mounted on the back side of the LiquiShift valve mounting bracket. (*Not needed with Sentinel.*)

The **"A" valve**, which is connected to the smaller tubes, are on the left side of the LiquiShift valve bracket.

The **"B" valve**, which is connected to the larger tubes, are on the right side of the LiquiShift valve bracket.

The **pressure transducer**, which is the key component for the system deciding when to change from one tube to the other, is located at the discharge of the system flowmeter. It is plugged into the **Control Pressure Connector** on the Pump Final harness.

Stand Alone LiquiShift Valve Stack

The LiquiShift Controller (218-2565Y1) is mounted on the front of the LiquiShift valve mounting bracket. (*Not needed with Sentinel*)

The **"A" valve**, which is connected to the smaller tubes, is on the right side of the LiquiShift Tower.

The **"B" valve**, which is connected to the larger tubes, is on the left side of the LiquiShift Tower.

The **pressure transducer**, which is the key component for the system deciding when to change from one tube to the other, is located at the bottom of the LiquiShift tower. It is plugged into the **Control Pressure Connector** on the Pump Final harness.









SurePoint LiquiShift Mode Selection

The LiquiShift controller decides which tube(s) should be in use at any given time based on the voltage reading from the pressure sensor. The

controller will open Valve A for the small tube, or Valve B for the large tube, or both valves, depending on the flow needed.

The LiquiShift ships with default shifting pressure of 20 PSI and 70 PSI. For most tube combinations these pressure points provide adequate overlap when shifting from one tube to the other. If there is not enough overlap when shifting between tubes, the LiquiShift could shift back and forth repeatedly. The shifting points can be changed by unplugging the 20-70 PSI jumper and plugging in the desired range. *Do not change this jumper without a thorough understanding of the pressure/flow range of each tube.* There are 4 settings available: 20-70 PSI (Default), 20-60 PSI, 20-80 PSI, and 15-40 PSI for Electric Tower systems (demo only). *The LiquiShift Controller is not needed when Sentinel is being used. The Sentinel will be set up to control the LiquiShift (see page 24).*





The manual override features allows the user to manually open both sets of valves (A & B) for testing, flushing, winterizing, or for running the system in the event of a pressure transducer failure.

For normal operation, the manual override switches must be OFF (in the down position.)

When running a normal Section Test, only the A valves will open, unless the pressure goes above 70 psi. To manually open both sets of valves, put the toggle switches in the Up position. The BLUE light for A and B will light up when that switch is ON. To open the valve, you must send a signal from the controller, such as with a Section Test, Nozzle Flow Check, Calibrate PWM Limits, Diagnostic Test, or other manual operating mode.

For Emergency operation with manual override switches

In the event of a pressure transducer failure where the valves won't shift, you can use this feature to run the system with A or B or both sides open. (*If the pressure transducer fails, only side A will be on all the time.*) To operate the system in a completely manual mode, unplug the 8-pin Deutsch connector on the LiquiShift Control Module (218-2565Y1) on the back of the LiquiShift valve stack. Then use the A and B switches to turn on the small tubes (A) or the large tubes (B) or both sets of tubes. When running in this manner, the system will not switch tubes, but will run all the time with the tube(s) you have selected. This may allow you to operate until you get replacement parts.

When using Sentinel, the LiquiShift Controller is not needed. LiquiShift is set up and controlled by the Sentinel. A & B valves can be operated manually from the Sentinel LiquiShift screen.





Controlling LiquiShift with Sentinel

SurePoint LiquiShift can be controlled through the Sentinel ECU or through a LiquiShift Controller Module (black box-PN 218-2565Y1). If your LiquiShift has this black box, Sentinel is NOT controlling LiquiShift and you do not need to do this setup. Many times, Sentinel will be used to control LiquiShift, and the LiquiShift Controller Module is not needed. To activate LiquiShift on Sentinel, follow these buttons:











The LiquiShift button will now be displayed on the HOME screen

Using Sentinel LiquiShift to control vour eliminates the need for the LiquiShift Controller module (218-2565Y1). This is a black module that would be on the back side of the A-B LiquiShift valves.

If this module is not there, an 8-pin harness extension (206-08-XXXX) is added from the Sentinel ECU harness (LS Controller connector) to the LiquiShift Controller plug on the pump final harness (Gen3 LS) or on the Manifold Controller (3454) harness (Gen2 LS).

The Sentinel gives the operator absolute control over the LiquiShift shift points, realtime pressure readings, and provides in-cab manual control. For more information regarding the use of Sentinel in controlling your SurePoint LiquiShift, refer to your LiquiShift system manual.



Setting LiquiShift shift points



If these shift points are not set correctly, the LiquiShift may not work or may work very erratically.

They must be set so that when the valves switch, there is appropriate pressure in the new tube to keep the system operating smoothly.

For example, if the shift points are set at 50 PSI and 25 PSI, the valves will switch from A to B when the pressure in tube A reaches 50 PSI. This flow in tube B may only build 15 PSI, so it will immediately switch back to A. Since the pressure there is 50 PSI or more, it will switch to B. The system will switch back and forth repeatedly causing wild pressure rate and pressure fluctuations.

There may be situations where it may work better to use something other than a 70/20 PSI setpoint. but don't set other numbers without knowing what you are doing.



For typical operation, this box is NOT checked.



Green - Valve is ON.



Typical Harness Layout for Gen3 LiquiShift Systems

1) Main Adapter Harness (213-06-4xxx)—connects to rate control module





Typical Section Harness Layout for Gen3 LiquiShift System

3) Section Final Harness (207-01-4xxx) (there will be 2 of these—one for the Left side—one for the Right side

(Left Sections for 16-row / 16-section setup shown)



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Section Connector Pinouts For Gen3 LiquiShift

JDRC 2000 and Sentinel Control

	Le	eft Sections		Rig	ght Sections	
	Deutsch : HDP26-18	14-pin 8-14SE		Deutsch HDP26-18	14-pin 8-14SE	C
RED 14 AWG	A	+12V DC	RED 14 AWG	A	+12V DC	
ORG	В	Section 1	BKN/WHI	B	Section 5	
BLK 14 AWG	C	GND	BLK 14 AWG	C	GND	
BRN	D	Section 2	WHT/BLK	D	Section 6	
BLU	E	Section 3	WHT/BRN	> E	Section 7	
BLK/WHI	• F	Section 4	WHT/BLU	> F	Section 8	
BRN/WHT	G	Section 5	PNK	G	Section 9	
BLU/WHT	н	Section 6	WHT/YEL	H	Section 10	
WHT/BLK	> J	Section 7	GRN		Section 11	
WHI/BRN	> K	Section 8	GRY	K	Section 12	
WH1/BLU	È	Section 9	YEL		Section 13	
PNK	M	Section 10	ORG/WHT		Section 14	
WHT/YEL	> N	Section 11	WHT		Section 16	
GRN	Р	Section 12		r F]

JD GRC, Ag Leader Liquid ISO and Trimble Control

	Le	ft Sections		Rig	t Sections
	Deutsch 1 HDP26-18	14-pin 8-14SE		Deutsch 1 HDP26-18	14-pin 3-14SE
RED 14 AWG	A	+12V DC	RED 14 AWG	А	+12V DC
ORG	В	Section 1	BRN/WHT	В	Section 5
BLK 14 AWG	C	GND	BLK 14 AWG	С	GND
BRN	D	Section 2	BLU/WHT	D	Section 6
BLU	E	Section 3	WH1/BLK	E	Section 7
BLK/WHI	F	Section 4		F	Section 8
BRN/WHI	G	Section 5	WHI/BLO	G	Section 9
BLU/WHI	Н	Section 6	PNK	Р Н	Section 10
	J	Empty) J	Section 11
	K	Empty	GRN	K	Section 12
	L	Empty		L	Empty
	Μ	Empty		М	Empty
	N	Empty		N	Empty
	Р	Empty		Р	Empty

Section Connector Pinouts For Gen3 LiquiShift

Ag Leader LPCM Control

	Le	ft Sections		Ri	ght Sections
	Deutsch 1 HDP26-18	14-pin 8-14SE		Deutsch HDP26-18	14-pin 8-14SE
ORG	A	+12V DC	RED 14 AWG	A	+12V DC
BLK 14 AWG	В	Section 1	BLK/WHT	В	Section 4
DER 14 AWG	C C	GND	BLK 14 AWG	C C	GND
BLU	D	Section 2	BRN/WHT	D	Section 5
BLK/WHT	E	Section 3	BLU/WHI	E	Section 6
Delty With	P F	Section 4	WHI/BLK	> F	Section 7
	G	Empty	WHI/BRN	G	Section 8
	Н	Empty		Н	Empty
	J	Empty		J	Empty
	K	Empty		К	Empty
	L	Empty		L	Empty
	М	Empty		М	Empty
	Ν	Empty		Ν	Empty
	Р	Empty		Р	Empty
I]

Typical Section Setup for Gen3 LiquiShift

Each row has a Zip Valve for positive shutoff at the row

The standard layout for system plumbing, sections, and harnesses is shown below:

See the QuickStart Setup Card or manual for screenshots of setting up your display.

JDRC 2000, Raven RCM, and Sentinel ECU Control—Single Product

Rows/Section

1

2

2

3

3

6

12-Row system	12 Sections
16-Row system	16 Sections
18-Row system	16 Sections
24-Row system	12 Sections
32-Row system	16 sections
36-Row system	12 sections
48-Row system	16 sections
54-Row system	9 sections

1 or 2 (outside rows = 2/section, all other rows = 1 row/section)

Verify Rows and Sections by checking the harnesses that are installed on your implement.

Look at the zip valve on the last row of each product. The harness connector that plugs into it should be labeled with Row # and Section #.

JDRC 2000, Raven RCM, and Sentinel ECU Control—Dual Product

Rows/Section

12-Row system	6 Sections on each product (PR 1—sections 1-6, PR2—sections 7-12)	2
16-Row system	8 Sections on each product (PR1—sections 1-8, PR2sections 9-16)	2
24-Row system	8 Sections on each product (PR1—sections 1-8, PR2—sections 9-16)	3
32-Row system	8 sections on each product (PR1—sections 1-8, PR2—sections 9-16)	4
36-Row system	6 sections on each product (PR1sections 1-6, PR2sections 7-12)	6

JD GRC after Jan 2021, Ag Leader Liquid ISO, Trimble Field-IQ, and Pro 700 Ac-

cuControl (JD GRC with adapter 213-06-4652Y2)

		Rows/Section
12-Row system	12 Sections	1
16-Row system	8 Sections	2
18-Row system	9 Sections	2
24-Row system	12 Sections	2
32-Row system	8 sections	4
36-Row system	12 sections	3
48-Row system	12 sections	4
54-Row system	9 sections	6

JD GreenStar Rate Controller (GRC) before Jan, 2021 and Ag Leader LPCM

	•		
12-Row system	6 Sections	2	JD GRC with adapter 213-06-4652Y1
16-Row system	8 Sections	2	
24-Row system	8 Sections	3	JD GRC with adapter 213-06-4652Y1
32-Row system	8 Sections	4	

Rows/Section

Troubleshooting the LiquiShift System

LiquiShift Valve and Zip Valve Operation: Electric Section Valve Basics:

If an electric valve will not open:	
Pin C: 12v signal for valve to open	Pin 4: Red—12v constant power
Pin B : Black—ground	Pin 3: 12 v Signal for valve to open
Pin A: Red—12v constant power	Pin 1: Black—Ground
On 3-pin WP connector at each LiquiShift valve:	On each 4-pin Deutsch zip valve connector:

- 1. Be sure the section valve is plugged into the correct connector and that the controller is telling that valve to open. Check the controller setup to be sure the sections are set up correctly. On the JDRC 2000 or the Raven RCM check to see which signal drivers are assigned to the sections on this product. This is important when the setup has more than one product and has more than one section group.
- 2. Unplug the connector to the valve that is not working and plug the connector into another valve that is working. If that valve opens, go to step 10 to check the valve. If not, go to step 3.
- 3. Plug the non-working valve into a different connector that is working. If the valve opens now, check the wiring beginning at step 4. If the valve does not open, go to step 10 to check the valve.
- 4. Do the following steps to check the voltage at the 4-pin connector that plugs into the valve.
- 5. Pin 1 (BLK-GND) to Pin 4 (RED) should be 12– 13v all the time. If this is 12-13v, the red light on a KZ valve should be on.
- 6. Pin 1 (BLK-GND) to Pin 3 (SIG) should be 12-13 v when the valve should be open. This voltage will be 0 v when valve is closed. (*Note: Some controllers may have 4-6 v on the signal wire when the valve is closed.*)
- 7. If the voltage is not correct in Step 5 or 6, check the voltage at the next harness connection. You will need a harness drawing to know which pins to check. At each connection, check for corroded, loose, pushed-back, or bent pins.
- 8. Keep checking the voltage at each connection until you find the correct voltage or get back to the rate controller. If you find the correct voltage at one point, inspect the pins and harness to identify the problem. You can do a continuity check from one end of the harness to the other to locate a bad wire. If a harness is bad, repair or replace that harness.
- 9. Plug all the harnesses back together and check the valve again.
- 10. If the voltages are OK, but the valve still won't open, remove the actuator from the valve. See if the actuator will turn when it is not coupled to the valve. If the actuator turns here, use a pliers or screwdriver to turn the valve mechanism and get it freed. In some cases, it may be necessary to disassemble the valve assembly so you can clean the valve.

If more than one electric valve will not open:

- 1. Determine exactly which valves are working and which are not working. On Gen3 LiquiShift, left side valves have one power source, and the right side valves have a different power source.
- 2. Follow the instructions above to determine whether it is the constant 12 v power that is missing or whether the signal power is not present.

LiquiShift Valve Operation: (continued)

Situation:

The valve opens, but nothing comes out. The light is green. The pump is running, pressure builds up, but it says NO FLOW. But, some product will flow when the valve is off.

Solution:

The KZ valve must be plumbed with the outlet that is going to the row coming from the port that is nearest the position indicator (the top of the picture below). Product flows through the top port when the valve is open. Product will flow through the bottom port when the valve is closed. (This can be used to return product to the tank when the system shuts off.) If the outlet to the row has been switched to the bottom port, the product will

Situation:

*Valve is always lit up green and is open. It won't close—

- 1. If the valve indicator stays green all the time and/or if the valve position indicator appears to be out of sync, the actuator probably needs to be replaced. Test the valve with another section connector
- Sometimes an actuator comes that won't work on LiquiShift systems. The valve tests OK on a regular test, but won't function when plugged into LiquiShift. This is a problem with the internal board. The actuator must be replaced.
- 3. Some controllers send out 4-6 volts on the signal wire when the valve should be closed. This may cause some KZ valves to remain on all the time. Check the voltage between pins B and C of the 3-pin WP connector (on 4-pin connector, check pins 1 and 3) that plugs into the valve to see what the voltage is when the valve should be on and what the voltage is when the valve should be off.
- 4. Be sure the valve is plugged into the right connector and that the section setup in the display is configured correctly.
- 5. The actuator can be removed by pulling the gray clip (wiggle and pull) and lifting the actuator off.

Troubleshooting the LiquiShift System

Common LiquiShift Troubleshooting Scenarios

Only the A valves will open:

- 1. Are the A valves connected to the small tubes? Be sure this is correct.
- 2. Do you have the correct tube for the product and rate you are using? What is the typical low pressure that you see during application? If it regularly runs at 10 PSI or less, you may need a smaller tube.
- 3. The pressure must get up to 70 psi (on regular settings) before Valve B will open. What is the pressure? Is it going above 70 psi and still not shifting?
- 4. Is the *Control Pressure* connector on the Pump Final harness plugged in to the pressure sensor on the LiquiShift valve stack?
- 5. Is the pressure sensor calibrated correctly? Check the calibration settings. Should be set at 50 mv/PSI. It must be calibrated with no pressure on the sensor. It is best to unplug the sensor while entering the calibration numbers. (*If the LiquiShift system is on Product 2, the pressure will be shown on Pressure Sensor 2. Be sure this is what is displayed on your screen.*)
- 6. Go to Diagnostics > Pressure Sensors (Sensors/Status on GRC) >. See what the pressure sensor is reporting. 70 psi should be 3.5 v. The 0 PSI voltage should 0.00 v (may be 0.01, but shouldn't be more). If the pressure sensor does not report voltage, be sure the sensor is plugged in to the Control Pressure connector (see # 2 above). If the sensor is plugged in, but does not report voltage when liquid is pumped, the sensor is probably bad and needs to be replaced. (It possibly could be a bad harness, but this is much less likely.)
- 7. What do the diagnostic lights on the LiquiShift Controller say? See page 19 for information on these lights. On the LiquiShift Controller, there should be a green power light at the top. There should be a red light (bottom left) indicating that it is receiving a PWM signal. (If there is one Yellow light immediately to the right of the red light, the system has been set to shift at 80 psi.) There should be a blue light (or two—bottom right) indicating A or B or both valves should be on.
- 8. Turn on Manual Override Switch B. Do the valves open? You need to have a Section Test or some other test running so the controller is calling for the section valves to open.
- 9. If the pressure voltage is reaching 3.5 v (70 PSI) and the blue light for Valve B is not showing on the LiquiShift Controller, the LiquiShift Controller (218-2565Y1) is probably bad and needs to be replaced.
- 10. If the pressure transducer is bad or if the LiquiShift Controller is bad, the system will not shift from Valve A to Valve B. You can bypass the pressure sensor and LiquiShift Controller by unplugging the 8-pin Deutsch connector and using the A and/or B manual override toggle switches.. While using this workaround, the valves will not switch from one set of tubes to the other, but you can set it to use either Tube B by itself or both Tube A and Tube B, based on what the system used most of the time when it was working. You can also look at a metering tube flow/pressure chart to see which tube or tubes may work the best until the broken part can be replaced.
- 11. To turn on Valve B, turn on the Manual Override Switch for Valve B. This will open the B valve. If you have not unplugged the 8-pin Deutsch connector, the A valve will also be on, so now both tubes are on. To turn off the A valve and use only the B valve, unplug the A valve from it's 3-pin WP connector or unplug the 8-pin Deutsch connector and use the toggle switches.
- 12. A SurePoint Pressure Signal Simulator (212-03-3910Y1) allows very quick and easy LiquiShift diagnostics without running the pump and dispensing liquid. See page 37 for information on this simulator.

09/07/2022

Troubleshooting the LiquiShift System

Common LiquiShift Troubleshooting Scenarios

Some valves will open, others won't:

- 1. Specifically, which valves are open and which are not? The valves on the left side have a different power source than the valves on the right side.
- 2. Are the red lights lit up on each valve? If not, you do not have power to the valves.
- 3. Are all the valves plugged in to the correct connector?
- 4. Check all the harness connections back to the rate control module.
- 5. Check the section setup in the display. Is the profile set up for the correct number of sections? Are the valves plugged in to the connector for the section driver that is assigned to that valve?
- 6. Switch some valves and connectors around to see if the problem follows a specific connector or a specific valve.

I may be running with Valve B open or with both valves open, but when I turn around, the system always goes back to Valve A, and starts there, and builds up a lot of pressure before it shifts back to Valve B or back to both valves.

Or

I may be running with just Valve A or just Valve B open, but when I turn around, the system always opens up both valves, so when I start back up, I have no (or very low) pressure, and it takes a few seconds for the valves to get back to Valve B or to Valve A only.

- Are you running with the Control Valve set to PWM (not PWM Close) so that the pump runs when you turn around to agitate the product back to the tank? If you are doing this, and the pressure drops below 20 PSI while you turn around, the LiquiShift Controller will shift back to Valve A. When you start applying, the pressure will build up quickly, and it will take a few seconds to shift back to Valve B, and a few more seconds to shift back to both Valves A and B.
- 2. The same would be true if you are running with the Control Valve set to PWM (not PWM Close) to keep the pump running for agitation while you turn around. If the pressure goes above 70 PSI while you are turning around, the LiquiShift Controller will shift to both A & B, and the system will be set to open both A and B valves when application resumes. This would cause the pressure to be quite low when application resumes with both valves open. It would take a few seconds to return to Valve B, and, if needed, a few more seconds to return to Valve A.
- 3. With the Control Valve set to PWM Close, the PWM signal will be shut off and the pump will stop when you reach the end of the field. The pressure will drop because the pump Is not running, but the system will not switch from one Valve setting to another if there is no PWM signal present. With the Control Valve set to PWM Close, the same set(s) of valves that were open when the system shut down will be on when the system resumes application.

In general, the controller must be configured for PWM Close, so the pump shuts off while turning around. If agitation is desired when turning around, it may be possible to do a workaround to accomplish this. The LiquiShift system is not designed to work on Servo systems.

If the system is set to PWM so the pump continues to run while you turn around, the recirculation must be adjusted so the pressure remains between 20 and 70 PSI while you are turning around.

Troubleshooting the LiquiShift System Common LiquiShift Troubleshooting Scenarios

LiquiShift valves won't come on:

- 1. Look at the valves. Are the red lights lit up on each valve? If not, you do not have power to the valves.
- 2. Go to Diagnositics > Tests > Calibrate PWM Limits. You can run this test without actually running the pump. Start Calibrate PWM Limits test, tap the (+) button once or twice to get a PWM signal. The section valves on the A side should open.
- 3. Look at the lights on the LiquiShift Controller. There should be a green light, red light, and blue light.
- 4. The LiquiShift Controller must receive a PWM signal before it will pass on a signal for the valves to open. Verify that the controller is in a Run condition or Test mode where a PWM signal is being sent and where the sections are told to open. On a Section Test or Calibrate PWM Limits Test, or in a Manual Run mode, you must tap the (+) button a couple of times to start the PWM signal.
- 5. (Optional): Use pressure signal simulator (212-03-3910Y1) to test LiquiShift Controller switching from A to B, etc. See page 37 for discussion of pressure signal simulator.

System is shifting back and forth repeatedly from A to B and back.

- 1. What color of tubes are on the system? Blue/Tan, Green/Yellow and Tan/Black don't have as much overlap as the other tubes, and you may need to set the pressure change to 20/80 PSI. If they are running at a rate that is near the high end of A and the low end of B, this could happen.
- 2. Check the mode selection connectors on the LiquiShift Controller (218-2565Y1). The standard (default) setting is 20-70 PSI. If this has been changed to 20-60 PSI or 15-40 PSI, the valves would switch from A to B at which time the pressure would be too low and the valves would switch back from B to A. As stated above, if this occurs when the selection is set at 20-70 PSI, you will have to switch to 20-80 PSI.
- 3. If the shifting back and forth continues, check the tubes to be sure the system is set up with a compatible tube combination and that the tubes have not been altered. The tube combination must be such that when the pressure reaches 70 PSI in the small tube and the flow switches to the large tube, the pressure in the large tube must be greater than 20 PSI (generally greater than 25 PSI). For example, a system with blue and orange tubes would not work because when the pressure hits 70 PSI in the blue tube, and the flow switches to the orange tube, the pressure will be below 20 PSI, and the system will switch back to the blue. The system will shift back and forth like this.
- 4. The tube combination also must be chosen so that when the pressure drops to 20 PSI in the large tube, switching the flow to the small tube, the pressure must be less than 70 PSI (generally 60 PSI or less).
- 5. Be sure the small tube is connected to the "A" valve bank, and the larger tube is connected to the "B" valve bank. Also, be sure the "A" valves are plugged into the "A" connectors.
- 6. Be sure the pressure sensor is calibrated correctly at 50 mv/PSI. Also, be sure that the 0 PSI voltage is 0.00 v. If the calibration was set when there was pressure on the sensor, the display may read 70 PSI, but the pressure could actually be less. Always unplug the pressure sensor before entering the 50 mv/PSI calibration number.

When the system switches from A to B, the pressure jumps even higher, and it shifts to both A and B. Then, it shifts back to B, and then back to A&B, back and forth.

- 1. This sounds like the large tubes are connected to the A valve and the small tubes to the B valve.
- 2. Or the connector for the A valve is connected to the B valve and vice versa.

Common Pressure Sensor Troubleshooting Scenarios

No pressure is showing on the display:

- 1. Is the pressure sensor plugged in? Where is it plugged in? Product 1 must be set up for Sensor 1 and Product 2 for Sensor 2 (JDRC 2000).
- 2. If it is a liquid pressure sensor on an NH3 system, it will be Sensor 3 (JDRC 2000).
- Is the pressure sensor calibrated? The system must be set for Voltage Based Calibration at 50 mv/PSI. This must be entered while there is no pressure on the sensor. It is best to unplug the sensor while entering the calibration.
- 4. Go to Diagnostics > Pressure Sensor (*Sensors/Status*) >. The 0 PSI voltage should be 0.00 or 0.01. The sensor voltage should be reported when there is pressure on the sensor. 1.0 v is 20 PSI. 2.0 v is 40 PSI.
- 5. If no voltage is being reported, check to see if the green LED light is lit on the end of the sensor. (*This can be hard to see in the sun.*) Check for 12 v on the 3-pin pressure connector (pins B & C—red and black).
- 6. A simple pressure signal simulator can be made with a AA or AAA battery. Connect the top of the battery (+) to pin A of the 3-pin pressure connector. Connect the bottom of the battery (-) to pin C. This should show up as approximately 1.5 v and 30 psi on the Diagnostics > Readings > Pressure Sensor screen.

If all of the above check out OK, replace the sensor.

SurePoint Pressure Signal Simulator (212-03-3910Y1)—A great troubleshooting tool:

On a LiquiShift system, plug the Pressure Simulator into the Control Pressure connector.

When plugged into the 1.5 v. connector, the pressure should be around 30 PSI.

When plugged into the 4.5 v. connector, the pressure should be around 90 PSI.

On LiquiShift, plugging in the 4.5 v. should cause the system to shift from A to B and then to both A&B (when the valves are instructed to turn on by the controller). Unplug or plug in 1.5 v. to shift back.

2000 - Diagnostics			Samp
Readings	Tests	System Summary	Product Summary
Press	ure Sensor	s	\$
	Sensor-	1 💠	
	0 Press Volta	age 0.00	
	Press	ure sor 3.97	
	Press	ure 79	
	Slo	^{pe} 50.0	

Diagnostics > *Readings* > *Pressure Sensors* will show this voltage and pressure if the harnessing is good (sample screen at 79 PSI).

Notice "0 Pressure Voltage" is 0.00 v. (If this is not 0.00 or 0.01, unplug everything from the pressure connector and Calibrate the sensor again (reenter the 50 mv/PSI).

The "*Pressure Sensor (V*)" should closely match the simulator.

The "*Pressure*" should be equal to Voltage x 20 (when slope is 50 mv/PSI).

